

Good for vision, skin and mucous membranes

Bio-Carotene are small capsules with pure betacarotene and natural vitamin E. Bio-Carotene is manufactured in a way where betacarotene and the vitamin E is mixed into an oil matrix that keeps it stable and increases bioavailability.



In fact, studies document that betacarotene in supplemental form has better bio-availability than when you get it from vegetables.

What is beta-carotene?

Betacarotene is a carotenoid. The carotenoids are divided into two main groups: carotenes and xanthophylls. Carotenes consists of hydrogen and carbon, while xanthophylls additionally contain oxygen atoms. Betacarotene belongs to a group of yellow and red plant dyes. It is betacarotene which gives carrots their orange color. Betacarotene is fat soluble, ie. is best absorbed along with a fat. This takes place in the upper part of the small intestine. Betacarotene is also a provitamin, as it can be converted to vitamin A when the body is in need. Beta-carotene is also produced in a synthetic version also used as a food color.

Betacaroten and A-vitamin

Betacarotene is a good source of vegetable vitamin A, and in some parts of the world beta-carotene is virtually the population's only source of vitamin A. When betacarotene is converted to vitamin A, this will contribute to the maintenance of normal skin and mucous membranes. It would also be included in the maintenance of a normal eyesight. Also vitamin A has a role in the process of cell specialisation in the body and contributes to a normal immune function.

Ingestion of food and dietary supplements with large quantities (30 mg or more) of beta-carotene may

provide the skin with a harmless yellowish color that some people find attractive. The color is a result of betacarotene accumulating in the subcutaneous tissue (hypodermis), mainly on the hands and feet. This color vanishes as



soon as the betacaro-tene quantities are reduced.



Bio-Carotene

1 capsule contains:

Beta-carotene 6 ma

Vitamin E as d-alpha-tocopherol 10 mg

*RDA not established - RDA = Recommended Daily Allowance.

1 capsule daily, unless otherwise advised. Do not exceed the recommended daily dosage.

Useful information:

For optimal absorbtion: Do not chew the capsule but swallow it whole, preferably during/after a meal containing

At a dosage of 3 capsules per day or higher, a tanning of the skin can occur.

Prolonged use of high doses (5 + capsules per day) is not recommended for heavy smokers.

A healthy lifestyle and a varied balanced diet is important for maintaining good health.

Content

150 capsules = 58 g

Ingredients

Soybean oil, gelatin, hydrogenated soybean oil, glycerol, beta-carotene, d-a-tocopherol, silicon dioxide.

Room temperature. Keep away from children.

The ingredients in this product are not organically grown. The word "Bio" merely relates to the bio-availability or biochemical organic nature of the product

Beta-carotene and smokers

All dietary supplements which contains beta-carotene must carry a warning for smokers, telling them not to use the product. This warning is based on research showing that large doses of beta-carotene taken by heavy smokers may increase their risk of disease.

There is no evidence suggesting that beta-carotene supplements are harmful for non-smokers. In addition, there is no reason to fear getting too much vitamin A from beta-carotene, as the body stops converting it once the stores are saturated.



Good beta-carotene sources

Beta-carotene occurs naturally in several different foods, some of the best sources being:

- Green vegetables
- Carrots
- Squash

- Broccoli
- Bell pepper Apricots

The betacarotene content in vegetables may vary quite a lot, depending on factors like the soil they were cultivated in, fertilizers, wind, weather conditions, and the subsequent treatment of the crop.

Vitamin E

Bio-Caroten contains natural vitamin E as d-alphatocopherol. Alpha tocopgerol is the preferred and most active type of E-vitamin in the body. Like beta carotene, vitamin E is a fat-soluble substance. For optimal absorption in the body Bio-caroten should be taken with a meal. The main effect of vitamin E is its role as an antioxidant as vitamin E inhibits the oxidation of unsaturated fatty acids. Vitamin E supports the protection of the body's cells against oxidative stress. The need for vitamin E is proportionally related to the intake of poly-unsaturated fatty acids.

Good vitamin E sources

Vitamin E occurs naturally in several different foods, some of the best sources being:

- Wheat germ oil
- Almonds
- Soy oil
- Green vegetables
- Fat dairy products
- Eggs

